EYFS Framework (Effective 1st September 2021) Early Learning Goals Comparisons and Key Changes

Personal, Social and Emotional Development

Early Learnii	ng Goals (2017 - 31 st August 2021)	Early Learn	ing Goals (Effective 1 st September 2021)	Key Changes
Making Relationships	Children play cooperatively, taking turns with others. They take account of one another's ideas about how to organise their activity. They show sensitivity to others' needs and feelings, and form positive relationships with adults and other children.	Building Relationships	 Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others. Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers. Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs. 	 There is now a focus on self-regulation. Children are expected to know right from wrong and be able to explain the reasons for rules. 'Managing Self' replaces 'Health and Self-Care' from the surface Device Device and the surface of the second secon
Self- Confidence and Self-Awareness	Children are confident to try new activities, and say why they like some activities more than others. They are confident to speak in a familiar group, will talk about their ideas, and will choose the resources they need for their chosen activities. They say when they do or don't need help.	Managing Self	 Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet 	 the current Physical Development ELGs, without the emphasis on physical exercise and keeping safe. Refers to following 'multi-step' instructions, which links to the current ELG for 'Understanding' within Communication and Language.
Managing Feelings and Behaviour	Children talk about how they and others show feelings, talk about their own and others' behaviour, and its consequences,	Self-Regulation	 and understanding the importance of healthy food choices. Show an understanding of their own feelings 	
	and know that some behaviour is unacceptable. They work as part of a group or class, and understand and follow the rules. They adjust their behaviour to different situations, and take changes of routine in their stride.		 and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly. Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate. 	
L	1]		 Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. 	



Communication and Language

Early Learnin	ng Goals (2017 - 31 st August 2021)	Early Lear	ning Goals (Effective 1 st September 2021)	Key Changes
Listening and Attention	Children listen attentively in a range of situations. They listen to stories, accurately anticipating key events and respond to what they hear with relevant comments, questions or actions. They give their attention to what others say and respond appropriately, while engaged in another activity.	Listening, Attention and Understanding	 Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions. Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding. Hold conversation when engaged in back-and- forth exchanges with their teacher and peers. 	 'Understanding' is no longer a separate strand and is now within the strand Listening, Attention and Understanding. Emphasis on the technical aspects of spoken language, including conjunctions, tense and vocabulary. The range of listening situations is clearly defined, 'when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions.'
Understanding	Children follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. They answer 'how' and 'why' questions about their experiences and in response to stories or events.	Speaking	 Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary. Offer explanations for why things might happen, 	 Less focus on 'Understanding', with this area being referred to by making comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding. Elements of 'Understanding' are now covered in other Areas of Learning.
Speaking	Children express themselves effectively, showing awareness of listeners' needs. They use past, present and future forms accurately when talking about events that have happened or are to happen in the future. They develop their own narratives and explanations by connecting ideas or events.		 making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher. 	 More focus on conversations and discussions, with an emphasis on vocabulary.





Physical Development

Early Learning	Goals (2017 - 31 st August 2021)	Early Le	earning Goals (Effective 1 st September 2021)	Key Changes
Moving and Handling	Children show good control and coordination in large and	Gross Motor Skills	 Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others. 	• 'Health and Self-Care' has been removed. This is now covered in PSED, under 'Managing Self'.
	small movements. They move confidently in a range of ways, safely negotiating space. They		 Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing. 	 Focuses on motor skills explicitly, with 'Moving and Handling' now split into 'Gross' and 'Fine Motor Skills'.
	handle equipment and tools effectively, including pencils		 Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing. 	 Focus on drawing and accuracy, rather than self- expression and representation.
Health	for writing. Children know the importance for	Fine Motor Skills	 Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing – using the tripod grip in almost all cases. 	The range of tools is specified.
and Self-Care	good health of physical exercise, and a healthy diet, and talk about		 Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery. 	• More focus on the preparation for writing.
	ways to keep healthy and safe. They manage their own basic hygiene		Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.	 The use of 'tripod grip' has been added but with exceptions allowed.
	and personal needs successfully, including dressing and going to the toilet independently.			 Safety is only mentioned in response to negotiating space and not in reference to handling tools. This is referred to in Expressive Arts and Design.

• 'Strength and balance' are now specified, alongside 'coordination'.





Literacy

Early Learning	g Goals (2017 - 31 st August 2021)	Early Lea	rning Goals (Effective 1 st September 2021)	Key Changes
Reading	Children read and understand simple sentences. They use phonic knowledge to decode regular words and read them aloud accurately. They also read some common irregular words. They demonstrate understanding when talking with others about what they have read.	Comprehension	 Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary. Anticipate (where appropriate) key events in stories. Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role play. 	 There is now a focus on comprehension. Within 'Comprehension', links are made to the current 'Understanding' element of Communication and Language. There is now a 'Word Reading' strand. The number of sounds and digraphs children need to
Writing	Children use their phonic knowledge to write words in ways which match their spoken sounds. They also write some irregular common words. They write simple sentences which can be read by themselves and others. Some	Word Reading	 Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs. Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending. Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words. 	 know and say are explicitly stated. Children are to anticipate and retell key events in stories. A greater emphasis on vocabulary. Handwriting is a focus of the 'Writing' strand. There is no longer mention of writing common
	words are spelt correctly and others are phonetically plausible.	Writing	 Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed. Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters. Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read 	exception words. There is no longer mention of 'phonetically plausible' spellings.

by others.



Mathematics

Early Learni	ing Goals (2017 - 31 st August 2021)	Early Lea	rning Goals (Effective 1 st September 2021)	Key Changes
Number	Children count reliably with numbers from one to 20, place them in order and say which number is one more or one less than a given number. Using quantities and objects, they add and subtract two single- digit numbers and count on or back to find the answer. They solve problems, including doubling, halving and sharing.	Number	 Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number. Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5. Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts. 	 The 'Shape, Space and Measure' strand has been removed, though it is still expected that children will have rich learning opportunities in this area. Number focus is now to 10, rather than 20. Focus on depth of understanding. Focus on subitising.
Shape, Space and Measure	Children use everyday language to talk about size, weight, capacity, position, distance, time and money to compare quantities and objects and to solve problems. They recognise, create and describe patterns. They explore characteristics of everyday objects and shapes and use mathematical language to describe them.	Numerical Patterns	 Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system. Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity. Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally. 	 Greater emphasis on automatic recall and retention of number bonds and facts, rather than a focus on strategie for addition and subtraction. Counting focus is now beyond 20. New 'Numerical Patterns' strand. Greater focus on comparison and the vocabulary for comparison – using quantities rather than numbers.
				Greater focus on numerical patterns, with emphasis on



odd and even numbers, sharing and double facts.

government recommends.

• These changes fit with the maths mastery principles the



Understanding the World

Early Learning Goals (2017 - 31 st August 2021)		Early Learning Goals (Effective 1 st September 2021)		Key Changes	
People and Communities	Children talk about past and present events in their own lives and in the lives of family members. They know that other children don't always enjoy the same things, and are sensitive to this. They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions.	People, Culture and Communities	 Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps. Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. Explain some similarities and differences 	 'Past and Present' strand has been introduced with less emphasis on their personal history. Focus on similarities and differences through looking at historical events and stories. Addition of 'Culture' to 'People and Communities'. Greater emphasis on religious and cultural similarities 	
The World	Children know about similarities and differences in relation to places, objects, materials and living things. They talk about the features of their own immediate environment and how environments might vary from one another. They make observations of animals and plants and explain why some things occur, and talk about changes. Children recognise that a range of technology is used in places such as	The Natural World	 Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and (when appropriate) maps. Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants. Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. 	 and differences. Use of maps and primary sources to study their local environment and the wider world. The 'Technology' strand has been removed, though it is still expected that children will be introduced to appropriate technology and use it within their provision. More emphasis has been placed upon natural processes and changes. More focus on observations of the natural world and 	
	homes and schools. They select and use technology for particular purposes.	Past and Present	 Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter. Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society. 	recording these through drawings.	
			 Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling. 		



Expressive Arts and Design

Early Learning Goals (2017 - 31 st August 2021)		Early Learning Goals (Effective 1 st September 2021)		Key Changes	
Exploring and Using Media and Materials	Children sing songs, make music and dance, and experiment with ways of changing them. They safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.	Creating with Materials	 Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. Share their creations, explaining the process they have used. Make use of props and materials when role playing 	 'Exploring and Using Media and Materials' has been replaced by 'Creating with Materials'. Focus on explaining the process they have used. Dance is no longer referred to but is referred to in Physic Development. 	
Being Imaginative	Children use what they have learnt about media and materials in original ways, thinking about uses and purposes. They represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through design and technology, art, music, dance, role play and stories.	Being Imaginative and Expressive	 Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories. Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher. Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs. Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time with music. 	 The safety of using tools is now referred to in 'Creating with Materials' rather than in 'Health and Self-Care'. More emphasis is placed upon well-known nursery rhymes and songs and less focus on creating and exploring their own ideas, thoughts and feelings. Larger focus on role play and narratives being based on stories. 	

